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WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 1, 1896-EIGHT PAGES.

Asks Embarrassing Questions on His West Point Trip.

RAIN SPOILED THE PROGRAM

Out-of-Door Maneuvers Made Impor sible by the Weather-The Viceroy Put in His Time in Observation and Interrogation-Says American Ingenuity is Very Wonderful.

West Point, N. Y., Aug. 31,-In accordance with the program arranged by Gen. Ruger for the entertainment of Li Plang Chang, the Chinese ambassador, and his party, a trip was made today on the United States dispatch boat Dolphin to West Point and return for the purpose of giving the distinguished visitors an opportunity of viewing the scenery along the beautiful Hudson and also of witnessing a drill by the cadets of the military academy as well as an inspection of the academy itself. It had been announced that the viceray essembled in his honor off Tompkinaville,

great structures and declared that he had heard of them even in his own country. Ex. Minister Seward, at this point, en-gaged the ambeasador's attention: "What business are you in?" he saked.

WANTED SOME INSURANCE.

Mr. Seward replied; "I am in the in replied Li, "you will insur-

my life."

Mr. Seward explained that he could not, as the law restricted his business, at which the viceroy smiled and replied:

"Oh, you are afraid, because I am seventy four years old."

Vice-President Thomason of the Penn.

Vice-President Thomson, of the Penn ylvania Railroad, now came in for bi

sylvania Railroad, now came in for his share of the questions.

"How old are you?" inquired Li.

He then inquired about electricity, as applied to railroads, and saked how main niles of rails were included in the Pennada in assets. Mr. Thomson replied about '9,000.

At this, 'Li expressed his astor and remarked that he held a very re-sponsible position. "How much do you get Mr. Thomson evaded this question at first, but Li was determined to have an answer. He had called for his eigarette

and lighted it. He was apparently getting deeply interested. Mr. Thomson was asked about acci-dents on American railroads. He said they

were not frequent.
"Why,"exclaimed the viceroy, "in Lon-don a president of a big railroad told me

Makes Two Parting Speeches in Chautauqua County.

Ripley, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Mr. Bryan arrived here at 1:30 p. m., after a rather unintervesting drive across country from Maydile. Many houses in the town here are decorated with banners bearing the names of Bryan and Sewall, while not a few have McKinley lithographs.

The candidate and his wife took dinner at the house of Lyman Beneatt, with Hon. Charles Corbett, a member of the Democratic State committee: Postmaster Mctinnis, and other supporters. Mr. Bryan made a speech to a large crowd, and left for Cleveland over the Lake Shore road at 3:06 p. m. TAKES A SHOT AT TOURGEE

The Candidate Makes Humorous Reference to the Novelist's Works in an Address at the Latter's Home. Introduced by a Man Who Said He Didn't Indorse Him.

Mayville, N. Y., Aug. 31. - At Chautauqui Mr. and Mrs. Bryan, accompanied by Post-master Fuller and Mrs. Coleman E. Bishop, were driven about the grounds and the buildings pointed out and described, as well as ings pointed out and described, as well as
the system of education. The party stopped at the residence of Coleman E. Bishop,
former editor of the New York Judge and
the Buffalo Express, who is one of the
Chautanqua Republicans who will support
Mr. Bryau.
After leaving Mr. Bishop's Mr. and Mrs.
Bryan drove to Prospect Park, where Mr.
Bryan, despite his assertion that he would
not speak, made a three-minutes speech to
500 people. He was introduced by Mr.
Fuller.

tolling masses make bricks without straw es the gold standard. (Chees.) And I want to suggest to you that the man who goes to the financiers and syndicates to secure their aid in restoring a policy that is good for the American peuple, goes on a foot's errand. I thank you." As Mr. Bryan bowed its abanks some one in the crowd called for 'Three cheers for William McKinley." and the cheers were given with applarent good will.

New York Gold Democrats to Meet Again in Brooklyn.

ADJOURNED AT SYRACUSE

Fairchild's Speech Was Warmly Ap landed by the Delegates-Platform Declares Against the Chicago Pro-paganda and Its Candidate—Admin-istration of Cleveland Commended.

Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 31, - The conven on of the Democratic reform organization of the State opened at Athambra Rink at

Chairman Widemann announced that be had been requested by the State committee to name Hon. Daniel G. Griffin of Watertown as temporary chairman of the convention.

Mr. Griffin's appearance on the stage was met with an outburst of enthusiasm from the delegates. After listening to his address and committees having been appointed, the convention, while waiting the work of the committees, took a recess at 1.30 until 3 o'clock.

The following delegates at large and alternates to the Indianapolis convention were se-

proper."

After naming a new State committee, the

FAIRCHILD WARMLY GREETED

PORCING A DEBASED MONEY.

of the Constitution and zealous in our support of the credit and honor of our country, we cannot indorac the candidate nominated at Chicago, nor the champion of Republican prohibitory protection nominated at St. Louis.

We declare, therefore, that the approaching convention at Indianapolis should nominate on a Femocratic platform Democratic candidates to whom we piedge our hearty support, and we instruct our delegates to that convention to use every effort to bring about such nominations.

DAISY BURRELL LOCATED. Missing Alexandria Girl Was Sec

in New York.

It was reported in Alexandria last eve Daisy Burrell, the lifteen-year-old daugi-ter of William Burrell of Del Ray, Va., whosemysteriousdisappearancesome weeks ago from ber home created such a stir in the neighborhood. This gentleman knew the girl well and is certain that he saw her in New York

the girl well and is certain that he saw her in New York.

She was in the company of Fred Haskins, who was at one time a jockey at the St. Asaph track. The girl was at the home or John Carnell near the track for some time previous to her disappearance. There she was brought in contact with some of the habitoes and attaches of the race course, but it was never suspected for a moment that she had developed affection for any of them.

After she had gone, in searching around for a clew which night lead to a discovery of her whereabouts, it was found that she had been seen at differenttines in the company of a certain jockey, and this line was worked upon without any success.

The report of the visitor to New York is the first linking which the parents or police have received concerning the girl. The New York police will be communicated

ONE CENT.

Thinks the Major Will Carry Illinois by 100,000.

HIS COUNTY AS AN INDEX

Comptroller of the Currency Enthusiastic Over the Prospects for a Great Gathering at Indianapolis-Delegates to the Sound Money Convention Arriving.

(Headquarters United Associated Presses.) Indianapolis, Aug. 31.—The hotel cor-ridors began to till up this evening and the town took on an ante-convention look. At the Denison, the Grand, and the Bates At the Denison, the Grand, and the Bates the delegates were most numerous. Among the arrivals at the Denison were Joseph II. Guthwaite of Columbus, Ohio; a member of the executive committee; W. B. Haldeman of Louisville, and Gov. Thomas J. Jones of Alabama.

The executive committee met this evening but took no action except to allot the press seats and arrange some minor details for the convention.

Hon. J. H. Eckels. Comptroller of the Currency, was one of the arrivals this evening. He is sanguine concerning the

WILL LI HUNG CHANG KINDLY ASK THESE QUESTIONS?

S:05 p. m.

Mr. Bryan's speech was delivered in Talmun's Grove, where the Knights of Maccabee were holding; a picule. His audience numbered 2,000, and was fairly

cathuslastic.

Two brass bands beaded the knights, who accompanied Mr. Brysn to the grove, and afterward escorted him to the train.

In his speech Mr. Brysn told the people that in electing delegates to the Hoffalo convention they should know how each delegate was to vote on the proposition to indorse the Chicago platform and ticket.

CHAIRMAN DIDN'TINDORSE HIM.

Mr. Bryan was introduced by the chief officer, W. S. Stringhum, who took care, however, to say that he did not indorse



but Gen. Ruger explained that such an extension of the program would be impossible. It would be crowding too much into the events of one day, and must necessarily fatiguing to the venerable states

It has not as yet been decided whether or not Admiral Bunce's magnificent fleet vould be favored with a visit from the

A DISTINGUISHED PARTY.

Li Hung Chang, when he boarded the polphin this morning, went at once to the main cabin, where he greeted the others of the party warmly. After a few pleasant exchanges with Gen. Ruger and Col. Grant the viceroy expressed a wish to go

out upon the upper or poop deck.

He was accordingly wrapped up in a huge maroon cloak, or dressing gown, by his attendants, and a large armchair placed in the center of the poop deck, where, with a large Turkish rug at his feet, and heavy woolen shawi wrapped about his ankles, he sat and chatted pleasantly the greater

part of the journey up the river.

Besides the ambassador and his suite there were in the party General Ruger and his staff, consisting of Major G. W. Davis, his staff, consisting of Major G. W. Davis, Captain S. C. Mills and Lieutenant Cum-mings; Colonel F. D. Grant, ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster, Colonel S. S. Sum-ner, of the Sixth Cavalry; John Russell Young and George F. Seward, formerly ministers to China; General J. H. Wilson, Adjutant General McAlpin, General Horace Porter, Mayor Strong and his son, P. Bradley Strong; General Louis Fitzgerald and dent Frank Thomson, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and his son, Clarke Thomson; Colonel John J. McCook, who met the viceroy in Moscow; Colonel Dan Appleton, of New York'scrack regiment, the Seventh: Colonel W. S. Church, editor Army and Navy Journal, and a representative of the United

HE ASKED QUESTIONS.

Li Hung Chang immediately began to dis-Li Hung Chang immediately began to dis-play an interest in his surroundings and his inexhaustible supply of questions began to pour forth. He first naked about the great sugar refineries of Williamsburg. Col. Grant had been talking with the vicercy, through the interpreter, about railroads and other enterprises when the Dolphin came abreast the large refine-

ries.
"There," said the colonel, "is an investment that pays 12 per cent on an invested capital of \$37,000,000." This brought from Li the familiar ex-pression "Ugh," and he apparently occame very much interested in what Col. Grant had to say further about sugar and its le-

velopment in this country.

In passing the Navy Yard the Chinese flag was hoisted on the old wanten ship Vermont, while the saluting battery on the cob dock fired a salute of niceteen guns. The viceroy then caught sight of the Brooklyn bridge. He was in the very best of spirits and kept up a constant run of queries with those about him

The entire party became very much bridge and the viceroy began to cross-ex-amine the colopel on some points. He asked if the bridge belonged to a company or to the municipalities and what it had cost to construct. Had it paid for itself, etc., York city bonds were at a premium

ADMIRED TALL BUILDINGS. After all of these questions had be no answered to his apparent satisfaction he remarked that it was a wonderful structure;

race and that their ingenuity seemingly knew no bounds. He smiled as he board about him and found everyone boking up as

the great bridge.

As the Dolphin neared the Battery Gen.
Ruger approached the viceroy and remarked: "Now, your excellency, we are
coming to Governor's Island. I do not
own this island, but the island practically

owns me."

But Li could not retrain from admiring the city proper. He turned back to the Battery, and his eyes caught sight of the tall buildings along Broadway. He inquired about the Produce Exchange and asked what building that was that looked like a fort at the Battery, meaning old Courts (Barries.

natic Garden.

So eager was he to lose some of the lights about the edge of the city that the tatue of Liberty had been lost to view store any one could direct his attention of it. He spoke of the tail buildings as

they had no accidents on English roads. accidents all cocurred in America."

The tomb of General Grant was now in view and the ambassador rose as did all of the party, while the Dolphin was passing Riverside Park. The Dolphin saluted by dipping the ensign and firing a general's salute.

LET HIS SON LAND.

Li Hung Chang, after the tomb had been passed, declared that he had seen the tombs of Peter the Great and William the First, but this was the finest of them all. He declared in his frank way that the temporary tomb should be torn down. Commander Clower, of the Dolphin, then presented his staff to Li Hung. Chang, and the latter immediately began a long line of directions concerning the navy.

It began to rain pretty heavily before the Dolphin reached West Point and Li Hung Ghang decided not to go ashore.

The Dolphin dropped anchor here at 12:40, about 200 yards from the landing. At the dock was stationed Company E, Battalion of Engineers, and the cavalry detachment under command of Capt. Parker, the latter to act as escort. After the arrival of the Dolphin there was a delay of fifteen or twenty minutes, and then Gen. Ruger and larce of his aides came ashore in a rowboat.

Gen. Ruger reported that Earl Li declined to come ashore on account of rain. Messages were sent to and from the Dolphin and the ambassador finally consented to permit fils youngest son to land, with only

PROGRAM FOR TODAY.

great Celestial whom the nation is just now entertaining.

Li Hung Chang thanked the officers of the Dolphin through his interpreter for their courtesies, and as he left the dispatch boat another solute was fired and the Chinese imperial flag was lowered, He was driven to the hotel at once.

Tomorrow Mayor Strong will meet the viceroy at the Waldorf at I o'clock, and escorted by squadron "A" and Gen. Lenis Fitzgerald, will be taken to the merchants club, where a banquet will be served in his honor. Gov. Morton will be present.

PREPARING FOR EARL LI.

es . R

Air Thomson finally said; "Oh, let us talk about other matters," promising to whisper in Li's ear the exact amount.

Li again turned his attention to the great line of docks on both sides of the river and observed: "The American people are a very busy race, all this beautiful water front is being used to its fullest capacity by an energetic people; it is wonderful."

The tomb of General Grant was now in

Viceroy and His Suite.

His excellency, Li Hong Chang, will arrive in Washington on Thursday next at 6 p. m., from Philadelphia, and has been assigned by General Ruger to a suite of rooms at the Arilagton Hotel. Sixteen rooms have been placed at the diaposal of himself and his retinue there. There will be no official function, unless it be arranged later to give him a reception under the suspices of the Impartment of State, but thus is doubtful, so that the earl will do the town just like any other lourists, going down into the Treasury, up into the Monument, (how him his in 27), the Capitol, and possibly the White House.

The apartments to be compiled have already considerable distinction, and are The apartments to be consided have alsaly considerable deliberation, and are exame at those wroter President Clevend on the occase of all arrivals in assuration immediate proceeding his cool in augustation. That is be that in the

This created a general laugh and Li Hung Chang again repeated his question as to the amount of salary a vice president of an American railroad 9,000 miles long should

LET HIS SON LAND.

and the ambassador finally consented to permit fils youngest son to land, with only a few of his suite.

The earl's son and the interpreter oc-cupied a carriage with Col. Ernstand Gen. Ruger. Then followed a dozen other carriages, each with an Army officer and Chinese representatives. Chinese representatives.

A salute of seventeen gons was fired A hurried trip was made around the post and the distinguished goests were then returned to the Dolphin, which immediately weighed anchor and started back to New

York.

There was no incident of note on the return trip, although the viceroy was greatly interested in the speed of the New York Central trains.

When the Lolpiun on its return reached Thirty-fourth street and the North River a crowd of people lined the adjacent wharves, anxious to get a glimpse of the great Celestial whom the nation is just now entertaining.

Apartments at the Arlington for the

foreign nation on earth. That makes the insue.

**The Democratic party says that bimetallism is desirable, and that it is desirable right bow, and that it is not only a good thing, but that it is a good thing that cannot come too high for the American people. (Cheers.)

**The too only says that bimetallism is a good thing, but that we ought to have it right now. What else does it do? In order that nobody may misunderstand, it declares that the people who are to secure bimetallism are the American people themselves, and that we are not justified in waiting one single day for a foreign nation to crome to our help. The Democratic platform declares EXHORTS THEM TO STUDY.

"This visit has no political significance. When I found I was so near Chantauqua I could not withstand the temptation of visit-

out not with place."

He said he had a great regard for the work done at Chautauqua and that the hautauqua platform was broad enough to the the discussion of every question. chantangua platform was broad enough to allow the discussion of every question.

"People who come here carry away ideas which can only be productive of good to the citizens of a country like this. After visiting the various parts of the grounds I am pleased to note that it has a very democratic appearance, and that there are no palaces and no hovels."

SPOKE TO 400. He thanked the people for assembling. As he drove away he was given the Chau-tauqua solute, which is the waving of handkerchiefs.

Mayville, which is the home of Jud Albion W. Tourgee, who is at present stumping for Major McKinley, was reached at 10:30 a.m. Mr. Bryan spoke here from the balcony of the hotel to 400 people and his reference to Judge Tourgee's oks caused laughter from the crowd

He said that Mr. Jefferson had the cor-rect idea when he said that governments were founded in jealousy not in confidence— that confidence was everywhere the

-that confidence was everywhere the parent of despotism.

"Show me a people," said Ms. Bryan, "who are so confident in their leaders that they take no part in the details of government, and I will show you a people whose leaders look out for themselves, not for theinterests of all the people. Show mea people who instead of having too much confidence are jealous of their liberties, are watchful of their public servants, and careful as to the policies proposed by the different parties, and I will show you a people who have a good government. (Cheers.)

"In this campaign the parties come to

"In this campaign the parties come to you with their platforms outlining what they will do, and in this campaign there is one great question which overshadows all others—the money question. On this ques-tion the two leading parties take positions entirely antagonistic to each other.

children in the control of the control of an all of the control of

our help. The Democratic platform deci-that the American people should res-bimetallism for themselves, whether o-nations aid us and consent to it or not.

question and find out how it affects you.

Tou have just as much right to find out
how it affects you as any other class of
our people, as those who are engaged in
associating with the government for the
sale of bonds, on which the people have
to pay interest. The people have a right
to provest against such burdens. to the great have from the Asiatic to proper against such burdens. You are familiar with the old expripers and the gradient such the property of the mile of man to calculated to make

him, but had produced him here as an et-traction for the people. As the question was one on which they desired to hear Mr. Bryan, he hoped they would give him close attention.

Bryan, he hoped they would give him close attention.

Mr. Bryan, in coming to the front of the platform, was loudly chepted. He said:

"I desire to speak to you for just a short time about this campaign. But before proceeding to discoss any political question, I desire to thank the members of this fraternity for the privilege which they have given to me of meeting the people here assembled.

"I shall not sak the members of the fraternity to indorse anything that I say. I recognize that the order is a non-partisan order, as it must be, and therefore politics ought to have no place in its consideration. That is, so far as the order is concerned, although members of allorders must be, as citizens, interested in eny question that is before the American people.

citizens, interested in any question that is before the American people.

"Not only do I appreciate the courtesy which the Maccabees have extended, but I appreciate the work which that order and other orders are doing. I am, myself, a member of some of the similar orders, and I speak what I believe when I say that they are doing a great and important work among our people. (Applause.) they are doing a great and important work among our people. (Applause.)
"This is the last opportunity which I shall have to say a word in the State of New York. For the last week, or simost a week, I have been traveling and meeting the people. I am greatly pleased with the interest which is being taken by the people of New York in the lasne of this campaign.

"I am able to carry back to the people of the West the news that while we have not met with a very bearty reception in Wall street, we have met with a hearty reception in every other part of the State of New York. (Cheers.) And I have come to believe that there is among the masses of the people of New York about as little love for what is known as Wall street as you will find in any Western State. (Cheers.)

"And this is my fare well needing in the State. (Cheers.)

"And this is my fare well needing in the State. For the present I desire to submittiguar a word to the people of New York. First, to the members of the Democratic party: I have been gratified to find that so few few relatively—of the members of the Democratic party: I have been gratified to find that so few few relatively—of the members of the Democratic party: I have been gratified to find that so few few relatively—of the members of the State who believe that the State convention ought to indorse not only the candidates of the Chicago convention, but the platform on which these candidates stand. (Cheers.)

"LEA FOR STATE SUPPORT. WALL STREET EXCEPTED.

PLEA FOR STATE SUPPORT.

"If there is any person here who thinks that the Democratic party of the State of New York ought not to indexe the candidates and platform what I shall any is not addressed to much persons, but to those who believe that the State convention to be held in this State is about two weeks should indorse both platform and enaddates. "I desire to offer one suggestion. We have had a great fight is the Democratic party, one of the most membrable contests ever waged in the United States, and those who advocate his free coinage of sliver have won by carrying their came, not to conventions, but to the people themselves, the source of all politicallynewer. (Cheers.) "If we had waited until the convention assembled at Chicago and then made our appeal to the delegates who had been sent there uninstructed and without regard to the money question, we should have been defeated; but we saw that she strength of bimetallium was on the rank and file of the party and recognized the Democratic idea that power comes upto the machinery." Populist platform.

Porcing a Debased Money.

In proposing to open the mints of the United States to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 18 to 1, when the relative market values of silver and gold are now in the proportion of 32 to 1, the Chicago platform threatens a partial repudiation of that public debt, the validity of which the Constitution declares "ahail not be questioned."

—It reaches a cumax of arbitrary interference with individual rights when it seeks to force its debased money upon the public by forbidding contracts, which provide for payment in any medium more valuable than the depreciated legal tender which it proposes to establish.

We repudiate the Chicago platform, because it proposes the repeal of all laws authorizing the issue of legal tender or Treasury notes by the government or the reissing of such notes when they have only been redeemed in gold. We favor the enactment by Congress of such legaliation as will permit the establishment of a banking currency ample in volume for the needs of business, resully adjusting itself to such needs, absolutely secure in every contingency and at all times redeemable in gold.

PRAISE FOR GROVER.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 81.—The journey made by Candidate Bryan from Ripley, N. Y., to Cleveland was marked principally by a flattering demonstration at Ashtabula, Ohio, where nearly 3,000 people gatherescapout his earned the ered him with the Previous to reaching Ashtabula the candidate was cherred at Northwast. Pa., where I number of people also shook his hand. The landstaking process was repeated in the status at Eric, Pa., where the tassia status the grant of the party of the tassia status of the landstatus o deemable is gold.

PPAISE FOR GROVER.

We heartly commend the administration of Grover Cleveland. He has been loyal to the principles of tree Democracy. His administration has been efficient, bonorable and ecohomical. He deserves the thanks of the whole people and has earned and will receive the praise of a grateful posterity. the tesia stopped by reinfates. At Conneaut the first stop was made in McKinley's State, and there he can kirs. By an were greeted by Daniel McConville, chairman of the Despot and executive committee of Ohio; L. E. Holden of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, a number of the Cleveland reception committee, kirson and daughter, and H. L. Chapman of Lackson, who will be

APPEAL TO THE VETERANS.

Political Circular Excites Feeling

Among Grand Army Men.

8t. Paul, Mion., Aug. 31 – A great deal
of feeling was engendered in Grand Army
circles this evening by the circulation of a
letter addressed to all surviving soldiers letter addressed to all surviving soldiers and sailors of the late war. It was of a political character, intended to make votes for McKinley, and was signed by Daniel E. Sickles, Horace Forter, Franz Sigel, O. O. Howard, William B. Frankin, St. Clair Mulholland, Stewart L. Woodford and about rifty other prominent officers of the late war. The letter in part is as follows:

"Your country is again in peril. In the present Presidential campsign dangerous

lected: Roswell P. Flower of Watertown.
Gen. Charles Tracey of Albany, Edward M.
Shepardof Brooklyn, and Gen. George Mages
of Watkins, Afternative, Francis M. Scott of
New York, Henry A. Bichmond of Buffalo,
George A. Brockway of Cortland, and Charles
J. Bissell of Rochester.
A resolution offered by Edward M.
Sheperd, of Brooklyn, was, after debate,
unanimously adopted. "that this convention, when it adjourns, adjourn to meet at
the city of Brooklyn, at 8 o'clock p. m., on
Thursday, the 24th day of September
next, or such other day not later than the
30th day of September, as the State committee may appoint, to nominate the remainder of the Presidential electoral ticket
and candidates for State officers and Jo
transact such other business as may be
proper." "Your country is again in peril. In the present Presidential campaign dangerous continuations again threaten the integrity of the government. The men who answered the call to put down rebellion and save the Union have lost none of their love for their country and their devotion to the frag they fought to uphold, and they see in the present efforts an attempt to tarnish the good name of the republic and break down its most cherished institutions.

"Comrades you believe in liberty under law, public order, in the maintenance of our courts of justice, and in national honor and good faith. You are analterably opposed to the red flag of anarchy and mob rule. We believe that you resent with

mob rule. We believe that you resent with earnestness all attacks upon the executive and judicial departments of our government and commend all measures which vindicate the supremacy of the law and restore public order whenever endangered. "Feeling assured that in this crisis you, the Union veterans of the late war, are almost unanimously united in favor of an ihonest government, and in faithful adherence to the principles for which we contended, we appeal to you to lay aside all party differences, toi prefer your country to party as you did in the dark do you't he civil warandrally to the support of our gallant courrade, Major McKinley."

GRAND ARMY IS GATHERING.

Chairman Sutro of the committee on permanent organization submitted his report naming Charles S. Fairchild as permanent chairman of the convention and the four delegates-at-large and their alternates, together with the permanent scretaries. This report was adopted.

Gen. Charles Tracey of Albany and Theodore Sutro of New York city were appointed a committee to excert Mr. Pairchild to the platform. The permanent chairman was warmly received by the delegates.

Mr. Pairchild's denouncement of the intention of the Buffalo Democratic convention to indorse the Chicago nominess in order to preserve the regularity of their organization was enthusiastically commended. His declaration that true patriots should save the Chicago leaders from their own unwise declarations was leartily applauded.

CHICAGO PLATFORM REPUDIATED. St. Paul Opens Her Gates to the Invading Veterans.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 31.—With 6 o'clock this morning St. Paul opened her gates to the invading losts of the G. A. R., and the inflow of visitors was immense. Between 8 and 8:30 twenty-sevenspecial trains landed at the Union depot. bringing several thousand people. CHICAGO PLATFORM REPUDIATED. anded at the Union depot, building sev-ral thousand people.

Commander-in-Chief Walker and staff rrived on a special train at 7:30 and were secived at the depot by all the city posts and a band and escorted to the headquarters

CHICAGO PLATFORM REPUDIATED.

The committee on credentials reported that there were no contests. The report was adopted. Mr. Fairchild, who was chairman of the resolutions committee, then presented the following platform, which was read and adopted unanimously, with frequent enthusiastic outbursts of approval. It reads in part as follows:

The Democrats of the State of New York, assembled in convention at Syracuse, adopt the following platform:

We repudiate the Chicago platform and its supplement, the Populist platform adopted at St. Louis, because both violate and attack all these Democratic principles.

We repudiate the nominations of the Chicago convention. Its candidate for President stands as such upon the Populist platform, with its demands for unlimited paper money, distributed direct to the people and its socialistic and anti-American demands for the extensions of paternal government as he does upon the platform adopted at Chicago. He actively sought the Populist nomination, having obtained it, he has never rejected it and he has never repudiated it be minered. hotel.

The accommodation committee has its hands full, but with a large force of information cadets everyboly is placed in their respective quarters without delay. Camp Mason is filling up gradually and by moraling will be occupied by 4,000 veterans, who are quartered there free of cost.

The event for the day is the reception which will be tendered to Commander-unchief Walker this evening by the citizens of St. Paul at the Ryan.

REFUSED A REDUCTION.

Employes of the Rochester, Pa., Tumbler Works Will Strike.
Pittaburg, Pa., Aug. 31.—A strike will
probably be declared at the Rochester,
Pa., Tumbler Works tomorrow. A reduction of 20 per cent. in wages has been
offered, which the employes will refuse
to accent

offered, which the employes will refuse to accept.

It is openly threatened that any attempt to run in new men will be resisted by violence. The tumbler works is the largest plant of its kind in the world, employing 500 skilled hands and 1,000 laborers and boys and girls.

The prescription glass factory of Tibby Brothers, at Etna, started up in part with non-union workmen today. A reduction of 20 per cent, in wages was rejected by the union workmen. As yet there are no indications of trouble.

Pythians Will Probably Refuse to Pay Benefits to Heirs.
Cleveland, O., Aug. 31.—At the morning session of the supreme lodge, Knights of Pythias, a resolution was introduced prohibiting the payments of death benefits to suicides, whether the victim be sane or insane, or whether the self-destruction be be brought about by delirium tremens, despondency, narcotics or opiates.

If the deed is done within a period of five years after his reception into the order, the suicides' helrs not to get a cent.

A move is on foot to cut the time down to one year. The resolution will elicit red-hot discussion, but will probably pass.

New Tork, Aug. 31.—The Rev. Micha J. Bolland, paster of St. Columbia's Rom latinitic Church, in Newark, died tonig a the rectory in that city.

New York, Aug. 31.—John Houston, aged sixty-eight years, of Arbington, N. J., one the meat successful engineers in this country and South America, died last night.

personnel and results of the convention.
"From what I can learn," he said, "the convention will fully represent the sound money sentiment of the Democratic party, and the attendance will be all that could be with, and the father will in all likelihood go to New York for his daughter.

expected."
"What is the situation in Illinois?"

asked the Comptroller.

NO REPUBLICAN BOLTERS.

NO REPUBLICAN BOLTERS.

"I believe," was the earnest reply, "that 'McKinley's majority will be over 100,000. My own county, Lasalie, is a fair sample of the condition of things. It is the largest county outside of Cook and gives the largest Democratic majority usually.

"Of the 8,000 voters who cast their ballots for Cleveland in 1892, at least 2,500 will not vote for Bryan. On the other hand, there are not 260 Republicans who will vote for him. There is no gilver organization here, and that is true of the counties generally in the State.

"There is no bolt among the Republicans farmers of the northern part of Himots. The opposition to Bryan among Democrats is not confined to the Germans alone, but the old line Irish Democrats as well refuse to support him.

Col. J. M. Martin of Iowa, who has been active in his State in the interest of the sound money convention, said today that

active in his State in the interest of the sound money convention, said today that the outlook for the cause in Iowa is very be outlook for the cause in Iowa is very bright. The silver feeling, he admittes, was still strong in certain sections, but he declared that the tide had changed and the gold sentiment was good. "I believe," said he, "that not a silver Congressman will be elected in our State."

BRASS BAND BRIGADE.

Col Martin said that while the lown delegation presumably had no preference as to Presidential candidate for the sound money Democrats, J. Sterling Morton was the choice of a number of the delegates.

Col J. M. Falkner, of Montgomery, Alagarrived here today, and tomorrow one hondred and fifty men headed by a brass hand are expected from the same State. Col. Falkner is enthusiastic in his support of the sound money movement, and declares that if this convention nominates the right man it will be impossible for Mr. Bryan to carry Alabama. BRASS BAND BRIGADE.

right man it will be impossible for Mr. Bryan to carry Alabama.

The program for the Wednesday evening mass meeting has been rearranged. It now stands as follows. Mr. Bynum Will call the meeting to order, and Col. John R. Fellows of New York, will act as chairman. Col. Fellows will have something to say upon taking the chair. The other speakers will be Lewis Ebrich of Colorado, Chailton T. Lewis of New Jersey. Edgar H. Farrar T. Lewis of New Jersey, Edgar H. Farrar of Louisiana, W. C. P. Breckinridge of Ken-tucky, and D. W. Lawler of Minnesota.

Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 31.—The mass convention of the National Democratic party this afternoon elected sixteen delegates to the Indianapolis convention and adopted resolutions indorsing President Cleveland and denouncing the Chicago plat-

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 31.—Gen. Alfred Caldwell, Maj. Randolph Stainaker, of this city, C. D. Wiedenheimer of Braxton county, delegates to the Indianapolis convention, from this (the First) district, left today for that city. They all favor a straight gold ticket and oppose any indorsement of McKinley.

DEATH OF LOBANOFF.

sudden Demise of the Prince While Traveling With the Czar.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 31.—The following details of the death of Prince Lobanoff.

st. Petersburg, Aug. 31.—The tolowing details of the death of Prince Lobanoff. Rostovsky have been obtained:

During the progress of the imperial special train, on which Prince Lobanoff was traveling, the car, desting to take a walk to break the monotony of the long journey, ordered the train to be balted close to a small wood near the Schepetovka station.

The entire imperial party alighted and started for a walk in the wood. Prince Lobanoff had taken only a few steps when he complained of feeling indisposed and expressed a wish to return to the train.

Upon reaching the carriage in which he was unable to mount the steps without assistance and immediately after entering it, fell to the floor unconscious.

A doctor was summoned at once, but the prince was dead before the physician arrived. Beath was due to an aneurism. Prince Lobanoff's body was taken to Kieff, where it was embalued.

Crushed In an Elevator.

Crushed In an Elevator.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Mrs. Mary Taylor was instantly killed, and her two companions, Mrs. Ellen Mack and Mrs. Mary Coleman, terribly crushed in an elevator accident in the Elliott Square building tonight. All were employed as servants in Statler's cafe. They were on the "sidewalk" elevator, the cover of which had not been unfastened, and were crushed between the platform and the covering. Spanish Claim a Victory.

Madrid, Aug. 31—Official advices from Manila say that the Insurgents, 2,000 atrong, made an attack upon the outposts of that city last evening, in an endeavor to surprise and break the line of defense. The retiels were repulsed with a loss of aixty filled and a large number wounded. The Spaniards had six killed and several